SHRUBS

Shrubs are defined as woody or semi woody perennial plants, the branches of which arise from the base of the plant and grow up to a height ranging from 50 cm to 4 m. Shrubs are used for back ground, boundary wall, screen, shade, wind breaks and foundation planting. Hence, knowledge on the form, growth habit and habitat is essential to select the shrubs for planting.

IMPORTANCE

- 1. Enhance aesthetic value of garden.
- 2. Provide fragrance in garden.
- 3. Act as boundary of property line and screen off unwanted sites or features.
- 4. Divides different areas or features in the garden.
- 5. Reduces winds and soil erosion and conserves moisture.
- 6. Reduces weed growth

Flowering shrubs: Barleria cristata, Bougainvillea spp., Calliandra brevipes, C. haematocephala,Crossandra undulaefolia, Euphorbia pulcherrima, Hibiscus rosa-sinensis, Ixora singaporensis, Jasminum pubescens, Mussaenda erythrophylla, Tebernaemontana coronaria.

Foliage shrubs: These shrubs produces beautiful foliage.Foliage of these shrubs are more attractive than their flowers e.g. Acalypha, *Codiaeum variegata* (Crotons),Eranthemum, *Euphorbia cotinifolia, Excoecaria bicolor*, Manihot, Polyscias (Aralia).

Fragrance shrubs: *Cestrum nocturnum, Jasminum auriculatum, J. grandiflorum, J. sambac, Gardenia jasminoides,Nyctanthes arbor-tistris, Portlandia grandiflora*, etc. produce scented flowers and emit good fragrance in the environment.

Sunny situation: Bougainvillea, Hibiscus rosa-sinensis, Ixora chinensis, Jasminum sambac Partial or semi-shade: Excoecaria bicolor, Jatropha rosea, Magnolia grandiflora, Olea fragrans.

Hedges

For several reasons a garden should be enclosed by a good hedge or fence. It provides protection from cattle, shelter from wind and privacy. The best plant material for forming such a hedge would be a quick growing hardy shrub with attractive foliage and or handsome flowers, drought resistant and should stand trimming to shape and capable of being quickly and easily seed fill raised from or from cuttings to up the gaps promptly. Decorative internal hedges are formed of small-growing shrubs or under shrubs which have handsome foliage and bear in some cases handsome flowers as well. The usual height for an ornamental internal hedge varies from 30 to 65 cm. Its objective is to seemingly divide the garden into a number of parts, each part containing the distinctive feature of its own as a rosary or flower bed or collections of bulbs etc. As the boundary or the screen or the ornamental hedges are meant to be permanent features of a garden, proper care should be exercised in planting them. Trenches of 30 to 40cm wide and 40 to 45 cm deep should be dug and refilled with top soil, farmyard manure and red earth. Hedges are planted either with the seed or cuttings in the rainy season. Shoots should be tipped as they grow to induce them to branch out and side shoots should be cut back to the desired dimensions. A compact and a thick hedge is possible if its is trimmed as often as necessary, cutting back the overgrowing shoots strictly to the desired dimensions.

Plants suitable for ornamental internal hedges

Acalypha, Barleria, Bougainvillea, *Cupressus macrocarpa*, Duranta plumier Eranthemum, Hamelia, Hibiscus, Lantana

Plants suitable for boundary or tall hedges

Acacia farnesiana, Acalypha, Agave Americana, Aralia, Bougainvillea, Caesalpinia pulcherrima

Edges

Edges are plants which are employed in gardens for dividing beds, borders, roads, walks or path of demarcating spaces allotted for particular purpose, as flower beds. Mechanical edging made of bricks or rough or irregular stones embedded in the ground are also often used in gardens.

Edging plants are of dwarf growing in habit with handsome foliage and are amenable for regular trimming. The edging plants should be perennial, hardy, easily propagated and should have lasting foliage or flower or both. The height of an edge should be about 15 to 20 cm. Constant trimming is necessary to maintain proper shape and height.

Foliage plants suitable for edging

Alternanthera, Coleus sp., Eupatorium cannabinus, Iresine sp., Santolina chamaecyparissus

Botanical name	Common name	Family	Flower colour
Acalypha hispida	Acalypha	Euphorbiaceae	Red & Coloured leaf
Adenium obesum	Adenium	Apocynaceae	Pinkish-crimson
Allmanda neriifolia	Allmanda	Apocynaceae	Yellow
Aphelandra fascinator	-	Acanthaceae	Orange scarlet
Barleria cristata	Jhate	Acanthaceae	Violet-blue
Bahunia acuminate	Orchid Tree	Fabaceae	White
Bahunia tomentosa	Bell Bahunia	Fabaceae	
Buddelia asiatica	Bae Bei Fung	Fabaceae	White
Caesalpinia pulcherima	Peacock Flower	Fabaceae	Orange-scarlet
Calliandra brevipes	Esponja	Fabaceae	Pink
Calliandra hybrid	Powder puff	Fabaceae	Pink
Cestrum diurnum	Day Jasmine	Solanaceae	White
Cestrum nocturnum	Night Queen	Solanaceae	White
Cestrum nocturnum	Inight Queen	Solanaceae	white

Clerodendron inerme	Forest Jasmine	Verbenaceae	White
Crossandra undulaefolia	Firecracker	Acanthaceae	Yellow, orange
Daedalacanthus nervosus	Gulsham	Acanthaceae	Blue
Durenta plumier	Pigeon berry	Verbanaceae	Blue
Eranthemum laxiflorum		Acanthaceae	Purple rose
Euphorbia splendens	Crown of Thorns	Euphorbiaceae	Red, yellow
Galphimia gracilis	Gold Shower	Malpighiaceae	Yellow
Gardenia jasminoides	Cape Jasmine	Rubiaceae	White
Hamelia patens	Firebush	Rubiaceae	Red
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	China Rose	Malvaceae	Red
Ixora chinensis	Pride of Orange	Rubiaceae	Pink
Ixora coccinia	Jungle geranium	Rubiaceae	Pink
Jasminum sambac	Arabian Jasmine	Oleaceae	White
Jasminum multiflorum	Star Jasmine	Oleaceae	White
Jatropha pandurifolia	Physic nut	Euphorbiaceae	Scarlet flower
Justicia gendarussa	Justicia	Acanthaceae	Carmine
Lagerstroemia indica	Shravani	Lythraceae	Deep pink & white
Lantana camara	Lantana	Verbenaceae	Orange
Lantana sellowiana	Weeping lantana	Verbenaceae	Blue
Lawsonia enermis	Henna, Mehendi	Lythraceae	White-sweet scented
Malpighia coccigera	Miniature holly	Malpighiaceae	Pinkish white
Mussaenda corymbosa	Dhoby Bush	Rubiaceae	Pale orange

Nerium oleander	Red Kaner	Apocynaceae	Red
Nyctanthes arbor-tristis	Harsingar	Oleaceae	White& orange
Poinsettia pulcherima		Euphorbiaceae	Ornamental bracts
Russelia juncea	Coral Plant	Scrophulariaceae	Red
Tabernaemontana coronaria	Chandni	Apocynaceae	White
Tamrix dioca		Tamaricaceae	Pink
Tecoma gaudichaudi		Bignoniaceae	Golden yellow
Thevetia peruviana		Apocynaceae	Yellow
Vitex agnus-castus	Chaste tree	Verbenaceae	Verbenaceae